

Review Article



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Impact on Mentality of Men Regarding Economic Status With Relation to Criminal Tendency of Women

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Abstract

Unemployment also exerts a long-term impact on men's mental and physical health as well as their long-term earnings even after adjusting for current income. Low levels of job satisfaction similarly undermine mental health and physical health. This paper is based on the primary data collected from the respondents' in the urban areas of the state of Uttarkhand in India. The study was conducted in district of Dehradoon. The wards selected were randomly sampled. Data was collected through interview schedule in an unbiased manner. The sample included 423 respondents residing in the urban areas of ward wise. A total number of 423 respondents, 6 wards from Dehradoon, were selected using random sampling procedure. This study is based on simple Chi-square test as suggested as an alternative to scoring and scaling methods and exploratory research technique has been used to the present study.

Keywords: Mentality; Relation; Tendency; Criminal; Women; Economic; Background

Introduction

The perspective of the people of the society on crime and criminals is often based on their economic background; similarly, different attitudes of people are seen in the society towards criminal women. Therefore, the economic status of the respondents deeply impact this attitude, and this research study observes the complex relationship that what impacts does the economic status of male respondents have on criminal women? Under this, researcher tried to know the question that how does the economic condition of male respondents impact their thoughts and reactions, which impact their mental state while taking decisions? The researcher divided the attitudes of men towards criminal women into three categories - keeping in mind the general attitude, traditional attitude and modern attitude, the researcher found that the economic status of the male respondents plays an important role in this scenario, because how their economic resources and life circumstances change their attitudes or mentality [1].

The economic status of men is a major factor in how they approach criminal women, as men of higher economic status and men of lower economic status differ in their attitudes based on access to resources such as education, income, occupation, and social is affected by factors like security [2].

The present research study found that men with higher economic status often had a liberal attitude towards delinquent women, because instead of seeing criminal women only as their personal fault, they consider factors like poverty, lack of education, family situation, type of family and opportunities to be responsible for it. Men from higher economic classes are generally more sympathetic towards delinquent women, as they have more educational and economic resources, allowing them to view crime not simply as a moral failure, but as a consequence of social inequality, poverty, and lack of opportunity. You can see the result. Men of this class looked at criminal women from a reformative perspective and believed that criminal women should be given opportunities for rehabilitation and reform. Men from the middle economic class were found to have mixed attitudes towards criminals; this class tries to strike a balance between social beliefs and personal experiences; economic status and life commitments are important for them, which influence their attitudes, men from the lower economic class were generally found to have harsher attitudes towards criminal women, this class attributing most of their crime to moral decadence and aversion to family responsibilities, whereas men from the lower income class held criminal women directly responsible for their actions, believe it [3].

In traditional societies, male respondents often expect women to perform a certain role; when a woman commits a crime, it is considered against the norms and beliefs of society. Economically strong men had a more sympathetic attitude towards criminal women, whereas men from traditional and weaker sections had a harsher attitude. In modern societies, men's attitude towards criminal women was more liberal, because there is a change in modern ideology, due to which in modern times, powerful men see women's crime linked to social inequality, lack of opportunities, and other social factors [4].

Review of Literature

Daniel Ferris Humanities & Social Science Communications reported in his study that a significant correlation was found between economic inequality and mental status, that economic status also impacts contemporary societies, in this research paper, he observed greater influence of economic factors on inequalities, which makes it clear that the mental state of a person arises due to the determination of economic reasons [5].

Based on the PHAC Canada report, it was said that among the determinants of mental state, the social condition of the person, social support environment, economic factors like income, employment, working conditions, etc., have an impact on the mental state [6].

Jill, McCorkel, women commit less crime than men and their crimes are typically less serious, violent, and profitable. Most investigations of this "gender gap" in offending consider differences in social control or socialization. This helps explain overall crime participation disparities, but cannot account for the sex-segregated character of offending. Building on ethnographic research and feminist labor market analyses, our study explores how gender affects access to criminal opportunities. Using NIBRS data, we examine the effect a male co-offender has on women's offending. We find that the presence of a male co-offender broadens women's criminal involvement in distinctive ways [7,8].

Objective

To study the impact of occupational background on mentality of men

To study impact the income on mentality of men

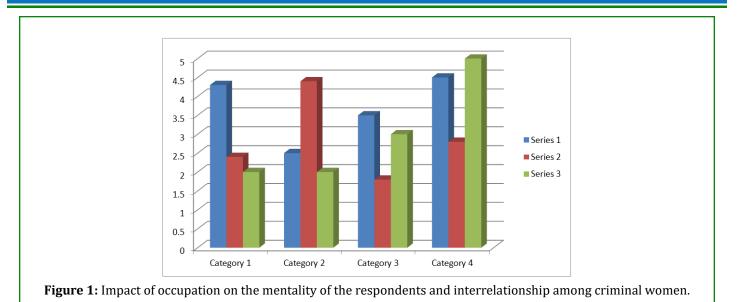
Methodology

In the present study, Dehradun city have been selected. The total number of these wards is 100, details of which have been obtained from Dehradun Municipal Corporation. Out of total 100 wards, The 06 wards were selected through lottery method of random sampling. Thus, the total population of 06 wards is 42,605 Out of the total population of 423 respondents selected wards wise, 2 percent male respondents will be selected as a sample from each ward through proportional random sampling method. In the present study the researcher has used descriptive and exploratory research method Table 1 & Figure 1.

S.N.	Occupational	Traditional		I	Aodernization		Tatal	
		No.	Estimated Value	No	Estimated Value	No.	Estimated Value	Total
1	Govt.job	48	45.27	48	63.54	72	59.17	168
2	Non-Govt.	33	39.07	75	54.84	37	51.07	145
3	business	-	-	37	26.47	33	24.65	70
4	Labor	33	10.07	-	-	7	14.08	40
5	Total	114	114	160	160	149	149	423

χ2=4.6434; df=15

Table 1: Impact of occupation on the mentality of the respondents and interrelationship among criminal women.



Chi-square value = χ 2=4.6434, degrees of freedom df = (4-1)*(6-1) = 15 Chi-square value in the table at probability level 0.05% = 24.996

Calculated value of chi-square = 4.6434, value of chi-square in the table at degree of independence and probability level 0.05% = 24.996

It is known from the observation that the occupation of the respondents has an impact on their mental status, because there is a significant difference between the chi square value and the chi square value in the table; this makes it clear that the occupational status of the respondents has an impact on their attitude towards crime against women. There is interrelationship.

On the basis of the above analysis, it can be said that the main reason for determining the economic condition is that the occupation of the respondents plays an important role, on the basis of which it can be said that occupation has an impact on the mental status of the respondents. This study found that the respondents doing business were different as compared to the respondents having government jobs.

		Traditional		Modernization		General		
S. No.	Income	No.	Estimated Value	No.	Estimated Value	No.	Estimated Value	Total
1	20000	17	5.62	9	24.42	15	10.95	41
2	21000-30000	21	20.15	83	87.57	43	39.26	147
3	31000-40000	7	9.73	53	42.29	11	18.96	71
4	41000 above	13	22.48	107	97.7	44	43.8	164
Total		58	58	252	252	113	113	423

Table 2: Impact of income on the mentality of the respondents and interrelationship among criminal women.

Chi-square value = $\chi 2$ =4.6902, degrees of freedom df = (4-1)*(6-1) = 15 Chi-square value in the table at probability level 0.05% = 24.996

Calculated value of chi-square = 4.6902, value of chi-square in the table at independent degree and probability level 0.05% = 24.996

On the basis of observation, it can be said that the income of the respondents also has an impact on the mental state, because there is a significant difference between the square values and the square values, It is clear from the above analysis that the income of the respondents plays an important role in the change of their attitudes, on this basis it can be said that there is an interrelationship between the income of the respondents and crimes against women. Therefore, compared to the thinking of high income respondents and low income respondents, the attitude of high income respondents was normal towards the criminal woman.

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Conclusion

The researcher divided the attitudes of men towards criminal women into three categories - keeping in mind the general attitude, traditional attitude and modern attitude, the researcher found that the economic status of the male respondents plays an important role in this scenario, because how their economic resources and life circumstances change their attitudes or mentality. It can be said that the main reason for determining the economic condition is that the occupation of the respondents plays an important role, on the basis of which it can be said that occupation has an impact on the mental status of the respondents. it can be said that the income of the respondents also has an impact on the mental state, because there is a significant difference between the square values and the square values, It is clear from the above analysis that the income of the respondents plays an important role in the change of their attitudes.

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